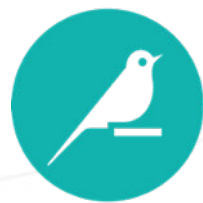


Petits-Déjeuners des Datalabs

Mardi 29 Mars 2016

#DataBreakfast

# Datalab : Enjeux et Bonnes Pratiques



data  
iku

BCG

THE BOSTON CONSULTING GROUP



# Dataiku, éditeur de Dataiku DSS

## plateforme collaborative pour « advanced analytics »



# Dataiku en quelques dates

 **Février 2014**

Dataiku DSS 1  
Premier outil de préparation de données intégrée et de machine learning

 **Avril 2015**

Dataiku DSS 2  
Ajout de fonctionnalités de collaboration et de real-time

 **Mars 2016**

Dataiku DSS 3  
Première plateforme intégrée pour le développement et la production d'applications de Data Science



**Janvier 2015**

20 employés  
30 clients  
Levée de fonds de 3M€



**Avril 2015**

Ouverture d'un bureau à New York

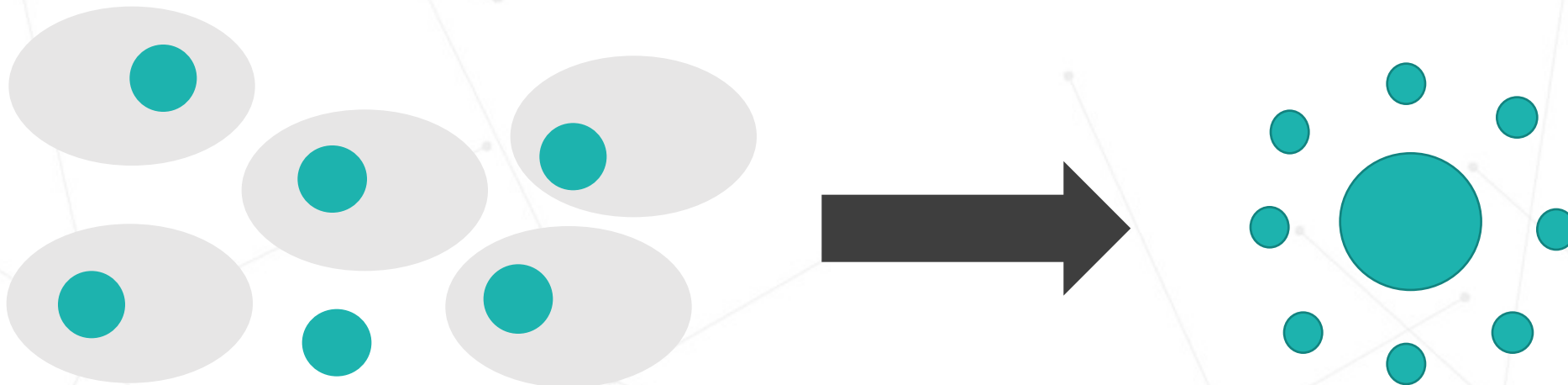


**Janvier 2016**

55 employés  
Ouverture d'un bureau dans la Bay Area  
Croissance annuelle de 200%

# Le Datalab : un nouveau **must-have** dans les entreprises

**Datalab : une organisation transversale qui développe des fonctionnalités analytiques pour mettre au point des produits ou services pilotés par la donnée.**



**Allianz** 

**SNCF**



**AIRBUS**



**SEB**



**AIR LIQUIDE**

*Creative Oxygen*

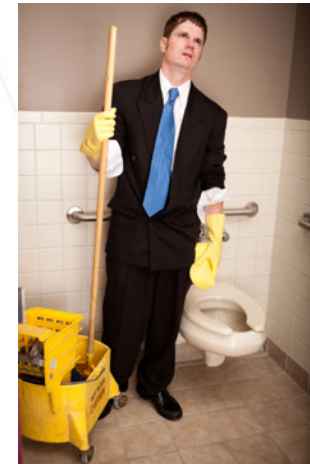


# Savoir-Faire, Outils et Usages

**According** to the report, the median salary for a Data Scientist is an impressive \$116,000 and there are over 1,700 job openings. For those curious, a “data scientist” typically refers to a mix of skills, part statistician and part computer programmer. For instance, data



Data Scientist vs Data Cleaner?



**Quels talents dans mon Datalab? Pour quelles missions et quels modes de management?**

# Savoir-Faire, Outils et Usages

The Python  
Clan



VS



The R  
Tribe

VS



The SAS  
Empire

The Old Elephant  
Fraternity



PostgreSQL

VS



The New Elephant  
Club

## Un Datalab polyglotte ou dictateur ?

# Savoir-Faire, Outils et Usages



Churn  
Segmentation  
Maintenance  
Risque  
Fraude  
Etc.

**Quels objectifs (courts et moyens termes)  
et quels KPIs pour mon Datalab?**

# Bonnes pratiques **du Datalab en** **entreprise**

**Elias Baltassis**

**Directeur Europe Data Analytics,**  
*Boston Consulting Group*



# Agenda

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## Background

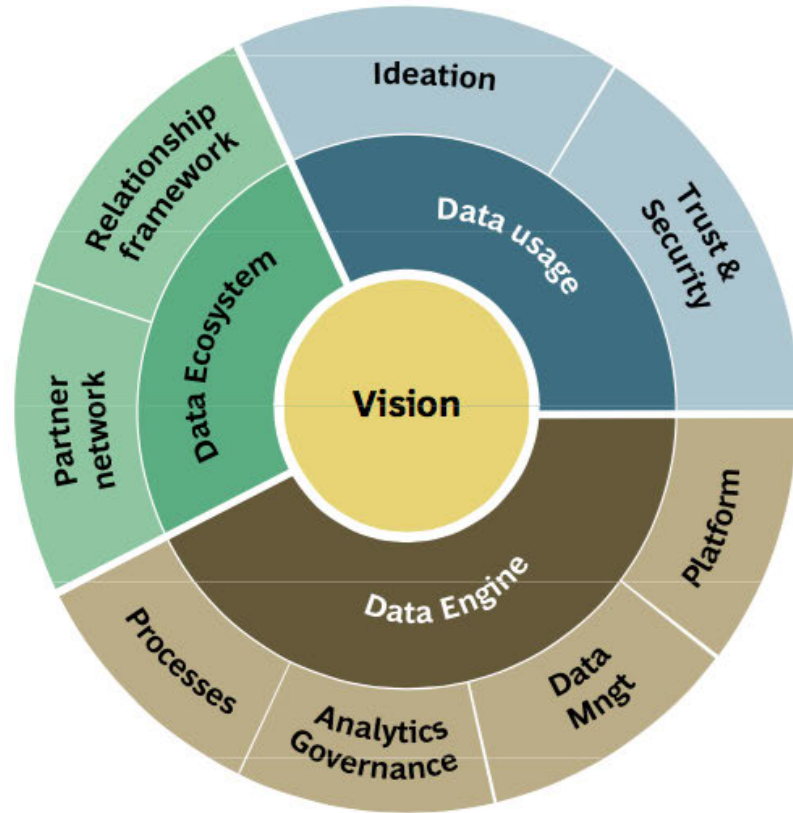
Observed market practices

A few closing remarks

## Appendix

# Many capabilities are necessary for being efficient in Big Data

BCG's Data & Analytics Capabilities Framework



## Domains

### Vision

What is our vision of the data & analytics role in our **business model**? What is the impact on **value creation**?

### Data Usage

How do we generate and manage **new ideas**?  
How do we **secure** data? Do we use customers **Trust** as a key competitive differentiator?

### Data Engine

What are the **key building blocks** (technology and people) of an efficient data engine? What is the **best operating model** for us?

### Data Ecosystem

What is the **importance** of a data ecosystem for us? What is the **optimum strategy** for building it? What role should we play in it?

**Few of the companies we serve  
use them to their full capacity**

## Market context

---

**Most companies have entered the Analytics field and work in testing analytical applications in pilot projects (POCs), or already leveraging data for improving their operations**

**Hence, most companies employ "data scientists"; sometimes in centralized / single teams, more often spread in various units of the organization**

**However, very few companies seem to have find an efficient way for organizing their analytics organizations**

**Our 2016 Big Data Maturity Survey found that the overall maturity of companies (across all Big Data capabilities) stands at 2.7**

- **Analytics Governance comes across, at first sight, as one of the most mature capabilities, with an average score of 2.9**
- **However, Analytics Governance has also one of the largest spreads: from 1.5 to 4**

**Many companies work on Analytics,  
not all companies have found how to do so effectively**

# Agenda

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Background








**Observed market practices**

A few closing remarks

Appendix



# We see **four operating models** (and several variances) used in the market today

	<i>Maturity</i>			
	"Creative anarchy"	Centralized IT model	"Center of Excellence" (CoE)	Central-platform, local analytics
Operating model elements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimal governance</li> <li>No consistent technology use: "whatever works"</li> <li>Limited support; high expertise</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Centralized IT funding and rigid governance</li> <li>Limited computer science expertise</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Small retained team with specialist expertise</li> <li>Separate experimental and production environments</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Near-best-in-class central IT platform allowing controlled local access to data</li> <li>BUs encouraged to innovate</li> <li>Ability to share innovation</li> </ul>
Drivers, key benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ability to experiment</li> <li>Businesses control design &amp; operations</li> <li>Fast, agile set-up</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Leverages IT scale</li> <li>Standardized governance limits duplication</li> <li>Tight cost control</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Best use of scarce resource</li> <li>Gives IT time &amp; benchmarks to build corporate platform</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimum duplication</li> <li>Good control over data quality</li> <li>Access to wide data</li> </ul>
Typical challenges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Difficult to scale; not easily replicable across BUs</li> <li>Duplicated platforms &amp; data</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Limited experimental agility</li> <li>Slow: takes longer to approve projects, set-up experiments</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Capacity issues possible; unmet spikes in demand</li> <li>Rapidly challenge to support across all use cases asked</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Technologies that few companies master – for now</li> <li>Requires significant IT effort and investment – <b>not likely to be a starting point</b></li> </ul>
Example companies	<p>Most "new in analytics" companies</p> 	<p>Several EU utilities</p> 	    <p>Several banks</p>	  <p>Global F I</p> <p>Major US bank</p>

# We see an increasing use of the "Center of Excellence" (CoE) model in very diverse companies

## Selected examples

### Global Card Issuer

- Central Initiative being led by CRO & CMO
- Built shared platform for data access on Hadoop stack
- Several projects implemented using Advanced Analytics approaches; very large pipeline of ongoing tests

### Global Technology Co

- Central Big Data initiative being led by CIO
- Looking for opportunities to blend existing data with new
- Built extensive data scientists group
- Deploying projects to drive value in engineering & sales

### European Media Group

- Central team of 20 data scientists + ~50 decentralized, reporting to CEO
- Deliver projects across group
- Led by leader with reputation of being 'maverick'
- Dedicated IT resources to build platform capability

### Leading UK Bank

- Started in "creative anarchy" mode, but soon moved to a CoE model reporting to COO
- Single, virtual Analytics team, covering Risk, Marketing and Distribution
- Advanced implementation of Hadoop stack

### Leading European Bank

- Moved to Hub & Spoke CoE model to rationalize disparate efforts and create synergies
- Commercial focus only, reporting to COO; risk analytics remain separate, reporting to CRO
- Implemented hybrid DWH (Traditional+Hadoop)

### US Software Co

- CIO leading Big Data CoE on behalf of Executive Committee
- Focus on linking disparate data sources (large part: public or open data) together to unlock value on Hadoop
- Mix of internal and out-sourced analytics resources

**Common goal: operationalize and scale-up often sub-optimally coordinated groups**

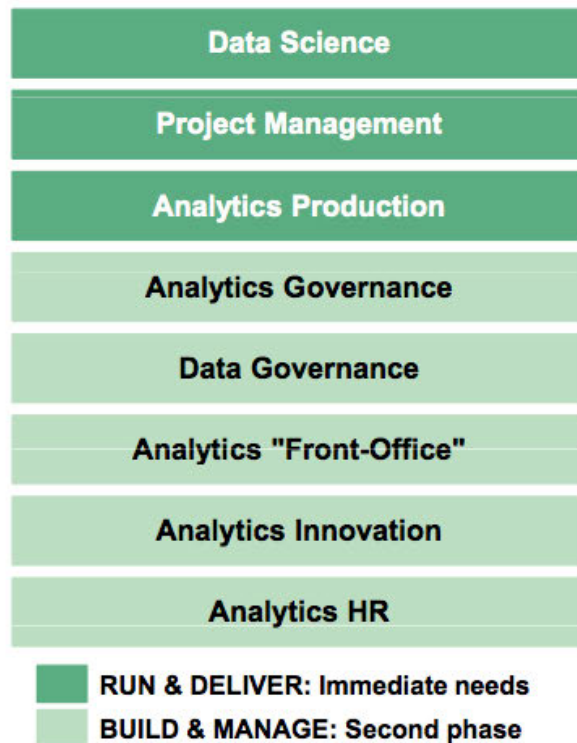


# However, the CoE can be implemented in more than one way – each with its own pros and cons

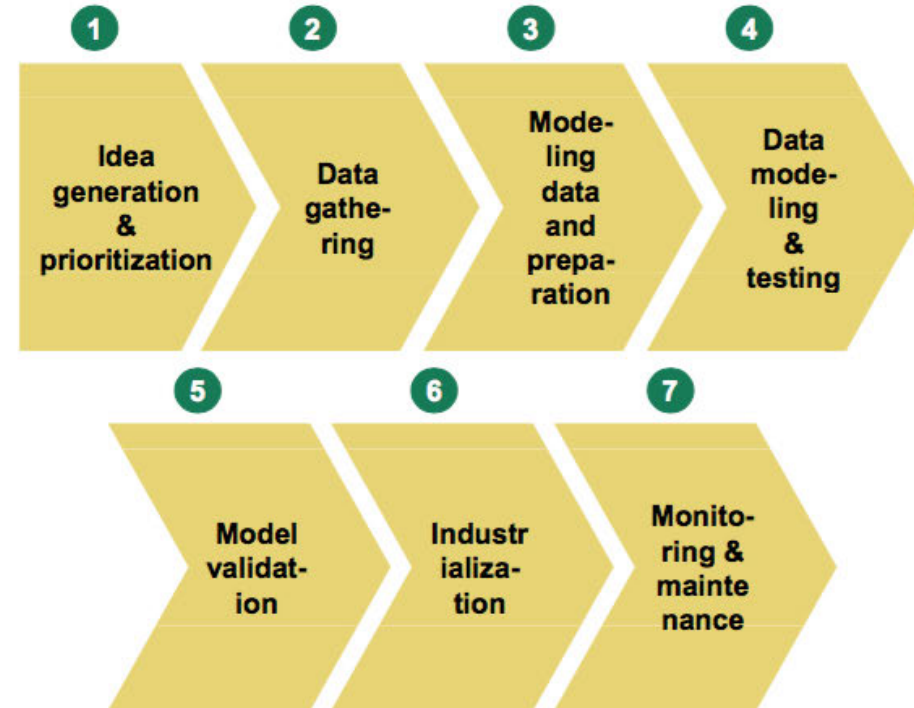
	Virtual CoE	Hybrid CoE	Centralized CoE
Org. structure options	<p><i>Multiple analytics groups – horizontal coordination</i></p>	<p><i>Central CoE coordination, mainly decentralized resources</i></p>	<p><i>Single, central analytics function</i></p>
Typically seen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standalone BUs with very different analytics requirements (real or perceived)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emerging analytics capabilities spread across BUs</li> <li>Need to evolve through centralized standards and guidance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mature organization, with good grasp on data</li> <li>One BU as dominant user of analytics</li> </ul>
Advantages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Direct Business control over resources and priorities</li> <li>Content expertise aligned through "virtual council"</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scalable model</li> <li>Content expertise aligned through central action</li> <li>Enterprise capabilities build-up enabled</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scalable model</li> <li>Efficient resource (people &amp; platform) management and deployment</li> </ul>
Challenges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Difficult to scale model</li> <li>Little synergies potentially leading to higher cost &amp; duplicated efforts</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Increased complexity and frequent need for alignment</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Siloed capabilities</li> <li>Smaller BUs sub-optimally served</li> </ul>

# Beyond operating models, mature Analytics groups...

... typically fulfill **eight analytics functions**...



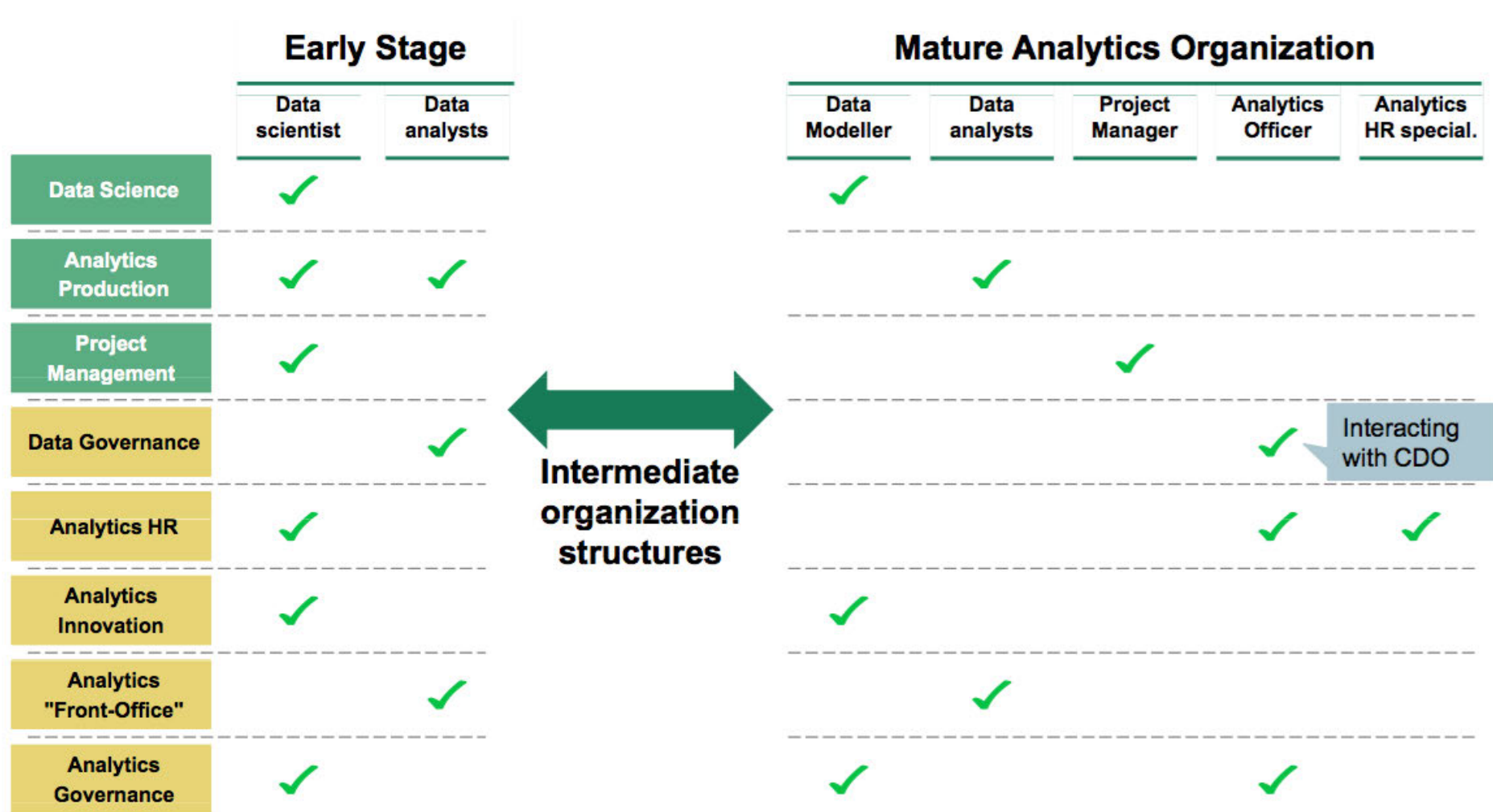
... and work along a **7-step analytics process**



**These functions and process steps are independent of the operating model and the size of the team**



# As the Analytics organization matures, we see resources moving from one-size-fits-all to specialization



# We see five key profiles be present in most mature analytics organizations

Simplified

## Data scientists

### Senior Modeler

#### Build models and perform explanatory analysis

- Use specialized languages or tools
- E.g. Python, R, Scala, SAS, SPSS-M

#### Participate to data testing and modeling

#### Employ advanced analytics techniques and methods

#### Validate analytics models

- Peer validation

#### Provide R&D support to Junior modelers

### Junior Modeler

#### Prepare data sets for an efficient use in data modeling

#### Assist in developing models and, later, in their implementation

#### Provide indirect support in setting new data platform

### Project Manager

#### Manage end-to-end analytics projects

- Interface with business users, data scientists, analysts and data architects
- Ensure fluid workflow and adequate logistics and tools for the data project
- Define efficient planning of tasks and monitor it

### Data Analyst

#### Gather raw data from data bases – internal or external

- E.g. use SQL language on DB2 or NoSQL on Mongo DB

#### Interface with data management resources

- Aware of data management policies and processes

### BI Specialists

#### Gather structured data from data bases or applications

#### Use BI tools (e.g. Spotfire, SAP, Cognos) to produce BI analysis

- Reporting
- Simple pattern analysis
- Data visualization

Different views exist on **BI vs Data Science**, raising questions such as:

- Frontier between BI and Data Science ?
- Common or separate reporting line ?
- Common career path ?

# Agenda

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Background

Observed market practices

**A few closing remarks**

**Appendix**



# Closing remarks

Lessons learned from 300+ Big Data projects (and 20+ Data Labs)

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- **One-size does not fit all for Data Labs – and internal constraints play often an important role**
- **POCs are important; but make sure that your Data Lab does not absorb all available effort / budget in testing**
- **Do not do "*science for the sake of science*"; but go beyond the "*dictatorship of logistic regression*"; it will bring you insight and differentiation**
- **Advanced analytics approaches are important and the way of the future; but don't underestimate the insights offered by descriptive analytics based on granular data**
- **Do not overestimate the quality of your current data: always check and improve**
- **Data is the oil of the 21st century; but Analytics is the refinery – build insights on your processes, customers and markets... before someone else does it for you**

**Big Data is a journey; not a one-off trip**

# Appendix

# Elias Baltassis

Director, Data & Analytics - Paris



## Contact

[baltassis.elias@bcg.com](mailto:baltassis.elias@bcg.com)

## Sector expertise

- Retail Financial Services
- Payment & Transactions
- Digital pure players
- Media & Telecom

**Elias Baltassis** is a Director in the Paris office of The Boston Consulting Group. He specializes in Big Data & Advanced Analytics and leads BCG's European team on the topic. He is a core member of the Technology Advantage and Financial Institutions practices.

Prior to joining BCG, Elias was a founding member and Managing Director of Opera Solutions, a leading pure-player in Big Data. Prior to that, he was a Partner with Bain & Co

## Selected recent experience

- Behavioral client segmentation and pricing strategy for a large European insurer
- New generation e-CRM for a leading French bank and a leading EU electronics manufacturer
- Data & Analytics strategy for a global top-2 payment card issuer and a global retailer
- Client Life-Time Value Management for a large UK financial institution
- Fraud detection and management for a leading European insurer
- Analytics governance for two leading G-SIB financial institutions
- New product design strategy for specific behavioral clusters for a global CPG company
- Analytics governance and Data Lab build-up for several banks, 2 retailers and one telco
- Cross- and Up-sell marketing campaign design for a top-3 French universal bank
- Data management for three G-SIB financial institutions

Elias graduated *cum laude* in Economics and Econometrics from the University of Fribourg (Switzerland) and has earned a *magna cum laude* Master in Applied Mathematics and Computer Sciences from IAUF / the Swiss Federal Institute of Technology in Lausanne (EPFL). He also holds an MBA from INSEAD



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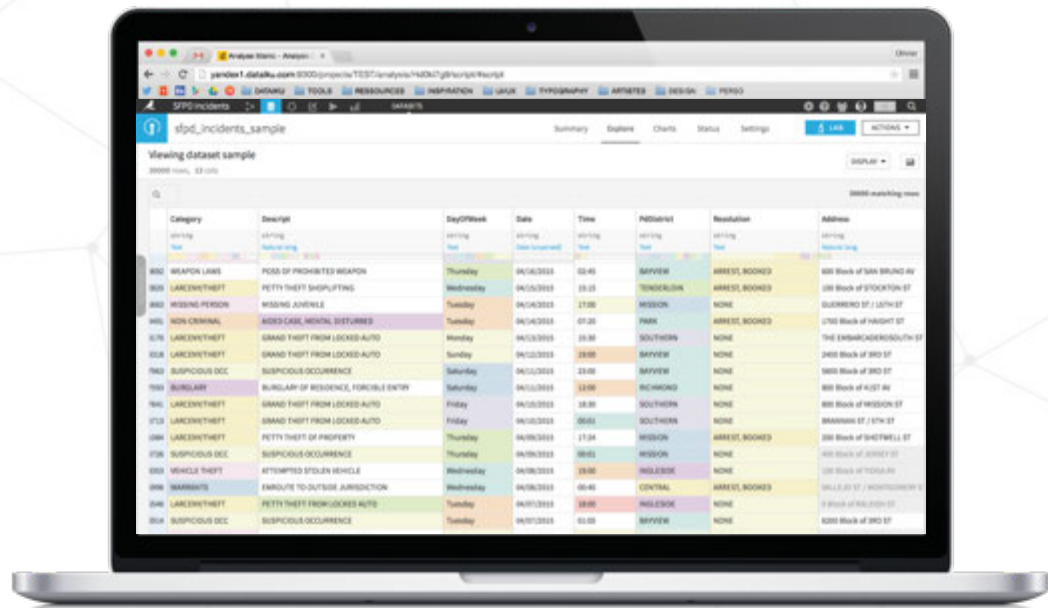
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# Datalab : Enjeux et Bonnes Pratiques

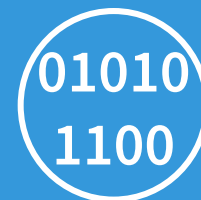
Pour Conclure



# Dataiku, pour toutes vos applications sur la donnée



## DESIGN



### PRÉPARER

Chargez et préparez  
vos données



### ANALYSER

Visualisez et partagez  
vos découvertes



### MODÉLISER

Construisez  
vos modèles

## PRODUCTION



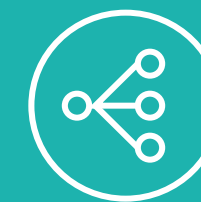
### MONITORER

Suivez votre  
production



### AUTOMATISER

Ré-exécutez tous  
les jours...



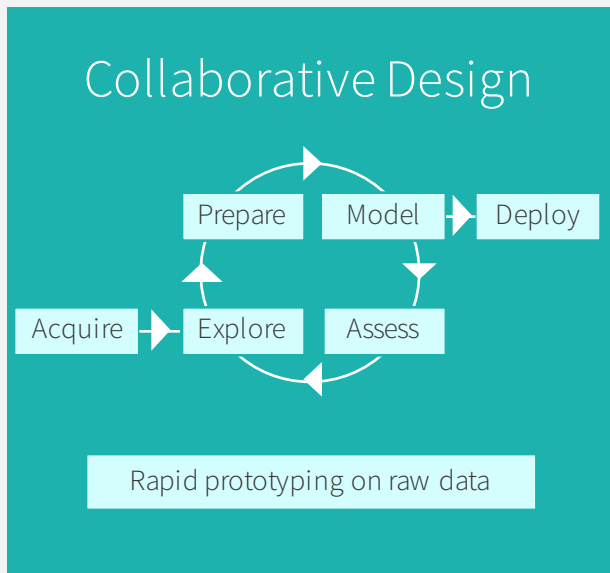
### EXECUTER

... ou en Temps Réel

# Data Science Studio

One product for a complete, design-to-production workflow

## Design



## Production

### Automated Applications

- Advanced Scheduler
- Monitoring & Dashboarding
- Model Lifecycle Management
- API Builder
- Runtime

### Real-Time Predictions

- Dedicated scoring engine
- REST API
- Self-contained environment
- Scalable for high availability

# Nos clients (60+)

 ACCORHOTELS.COM

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GAZ RÉSEAU  
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Bla Bla Car

vente-privee 



## Web

- ✓ Analyse des parcours web et segmentation comportementale
- ✓ Anticipation du 'churn' d'abonnés
- ✓ Prévion des ventes
- ✓ Pricing dynamique

## Industrie & Infrastructure

- ✓ Maintenance prédictive et diminution de l'impact des pannes matérielles
- ✓ Optimisation logistique
- ✓ Smart Cities

## Banque & Assurance

- ✓ Détection de fraude
- ✓ Anticipation des risques (défaut de paiement...)
- ✓ Détection des moments de vie

# Prochaines dates

- [« Comment engager la révolution du data-driven Marketing? »](#) Prochain Petit-Déjeuner des Datalabs le 26 Mai avec Voyages Privés et Cap Gémini Consulting
- Sortie de Dataiku DSS 3.0 aujourd'hui!

